## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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COUNTRY	East Germany/Sino-Soviet Bloc	REPORT		OEV4
SUBJECT	VEB Work fuer Fernmeldewesen WF	DATE DISTR.	29 September 1955	25 <b>X</b> 1
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1. Set out in paragraphs 2 to 35 below is a review of the status as of 3 July 1955 of the VEB Work fuer Fernmeldewesen WF's 1955 tasks. The omission of tasks mentioned in previous reports indicates that there is at present nothing further to report. Paragraphs 37 to 45 deal with other current work in the factory and miscellaneous information obtained there.

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- 2. K5-201 film seanner for normal film.

  This instrument is for scanning a positive or negative film. The development prototype was completed in spring 1955 and, since a second specimen cannot be produced in the short time available, the prototype will be put into a saleable condition and transported to Plovdiv, Bulgaria, for the trade fair there in the autumn.
- 3. K5-204 an electronic concert instrument.
  Work is proceeding on this task, which it is hoped will find an export market.
- 4. K5-212 customer's television servicing kit.
  Series production has begun and orders have been received for 100 sets for
  the European Satellites. The East German domestic requirements are expected
  to be 200 sets in the course of the next year.
- 5. K5-222 modulation measuring instrument for FM transmitters.

  This instrument is to have a range of 40-230 mcs and will measure up to 5% amplitude modulation. The maximum permissible signal input will be 10 km. A prototype has been tested by the post office authorities.
- K5-223 spectral analyser.
   Series production will begin shortly. Technical specifications are:
  - a. frequency range: 95-230 mcs; the range is divided into 8 sections;
  - b. the instrument operates on the beat-note principle (Suchtonprinzip);
  - c. wobble frequency: 25 cycles;

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- d. frequency deviation (Wobbelhub): 300-500 kcs with mark-scanning on the picture of the oscillograph tube (Markeneintastung auf dem Schirmbild der Oszillographenroehre);
- e. sensitivity: about 50/uv;
- f. resolution: 5-10 kcs.
- 7. K5-232 coaxial aerial-feeder.
  150 m of the proposed 250 m have been completed and are being tested at the aerial testing ground in Berlin-Karlshorst. Although this feeder is intended for use in a vertical position, it is being laid out on the ground. WHF tests with an output of 10-20 kw have not yet taken place. The first length of this feeder will, as previously reported, be used for the television transmitter at Marlow, Mecklenburg, and the second will be used for the new Berlin television transmitter on the Prenslauerberg.
- 8. St5-233 a paper on industrial television.

  Theoretical details are being worked out for an installation in an operating theater. The construction of the prototype equipment has not begun, but the Charité Hospital in East Berlin and a clinic at Halle University are showing interest in the subject.
- 9. <u>K5-381</u> test route for pulse code modulation.

  The HF component of the equipment is ready, but the development of the whole project has been interrupted by the dismissal of the engineer responsible for it, Dipl. -Ing. Eurt Steffenhagen, who lives in West Berlin.
- 10. <u>X5-382 field strength measuring set</u>.

  There is nothing further to report on the three instruments for the frequency ranges 300-700 mcs, 1400-1600 mcs, and 2500-3200 mcs. On the other hand, orders have been received for 50 complete sets with the ranges 0.1-25mcs, 25-100 mcs and 100-320 mcs for export to Eastern European States and China.
- 11. <u>E5-363 HF wattmeter</u>.
  This instrument is to measure pulses with a duration of about 1/u sec.
- 12. K5-364 rotating field strength measuring circuit.

  The laboratory prototype was in operation in April 1955. Special theoretical consideration was given to the measurement of the area of the cross section of the measuring circuit and for reflection-free transitions from circular to square section conductors. A prototype is to be ready by the end of 1955.
- 13. <u>K5-385</u> component parts for the 1.25 cm technique.

  The previously reported components are being made for the Academy of Sciences' Research Institute for Magnetic Materials at Jena. In March 1955, the Institute supplied the Werk WF with several meters of square, hellow conductor for use in the 1.25 cm range.
- 14. K5-388 wide band test amplifier.

  Centrary to previously-given assurances, the 6 AK 5 tube cannot be produced in East Germany, and accordingly this task has come to a stop. The use of different types of tubes produced unsatisfactory results because of too low input active resistance and incorrect S/C relationship (S/C Verhaeltnis).
- 15. <u>K5-389 Two-beam oscillograph</u>.

  The prototype delivered some time ago to the USSR was not provided with an input voltage potentiometer; this deficiency is now to be made up. The instrument has not yet gone into series production.
- 16. FS-397 pulse phase meter.

  In spring 1955, a baseboard lay-out was set up for testing the principle on which the instrument was designed. When this stage of the development work has been reached, a comparison will be made with the results achieved in VEB Funkwerk Koepenick, and a working party will then decide which method is to be developed further.
- 17. K5-398 measuring equipment for the 3 cm wavelength.

  Details have been handed over to the instrument building section of the

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position of the Works, even these resources have been cancelled and the work has stopped.

K5-224 - spectral analyzer.
This task has not been authorized.

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- K5-226 linearity measuring instrument. This task has not been authorized.
- 32. K5-229 decimeter high power television transmitter. Until the production of a power klystron, this transmitter was to be developed as a test transmitter in the form of a symmetron (in the last stage), using metal-ceramic valves. The task was not authorized, but, as part of the development work of the power klystron, preparatory work will be carried out for a television transmitter with a decimeter wavelength klystron. The theme will be submitted again for the 1956 development plan, incorporating a klystron in the last stage.
- 33. K5-392 pulse generator for 0.1-1 u sec.

  This was intended for controlling the test transmitter K5-391.2
- K5-393 frequency deviation meter for HF and VHF range. This task was not authorized, although supported by technical departments of the Ministry for Posts and Telecommunications. It had been hoped to use this instrument for measuring deviations of 10 - or 10 - from a set frequency.
- F5-121 pulse regeneration in television installations. This task has not been authorized.
- 36. Projects to be resubmitted as 1956 tasks:
  - a. K5-205 brightness meter
  - K5-208 commercial television receiver
  - c. F5-227 research on transmitters for the third television band
  - F5-228 decimeter television aerial
  - K5-231 color component meter for television picture tubes
  - K5-394 flicker testing instrument
  - g. K5-409 rotating wave guide test circuit for the 3 cm wavelength.
- 37. Magnetron IMS 1000 Very few of these have so far been called for by VEB Funkwerk Leipzig-Plagwitz; this fact has been interpreted in the Werk WF as indicating that no very significant progress can have been made there with 10 cm radar.
- 38. At the turn of the year, Yevgeniy Petrovich Solovev, a senior official in the Soviet Trade Delegation, called on the managing director Rudi Mueller to thank him for his cooperation in the past, to stress the importance of the Werk WF to the MSSR, and to express the hope that productive cooperation would continue.3
- USSR orders On 7 and 8 March 1955, a Soviet officer named Vaniyev (fnu) visited the Werk WF and discussed with Dr. Ing. Guenther Ulrich and Dipl -Ing. Eckhard Rehbock an order for the following three instruments, which was subsequently placed with the Werk WF via WTZ ( Wissenschaftlich-Technische Zusammenarbeit) (the Office of Scientific-Technical Cooperation): a. Two test receiver equipments for wavelengths from 30 to 100 cms;
  - Two field strength measuring sets for wavelengths from 15 to 100 meters, with directional as sil as rhombic aerials (nonrotatable, but to be laid out around the station as with Bronny (sic) equipment);
  - c. Two travelling wave tube amplifiers for the 7.5 cm wavelength.

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In the discussion, it was stated that these instruments were required for research purposes and that an order for series production would be given later. The representatives of the Werk WF were somewhat skeptical, however, because of the Russian practice of ordering prototypes and then having them copied in the USSR.

- 40. VHF and television transmitter exports.

  It is hoped, after the completion of the five 10 kw television transmitters required for East Germany, to build six more for export. On the other hand, the departure for the West of Dipl.-Ing. Rehbook constitutes such a loss to the Werk WF that it may prove necessary to cancel the export construction program of VHF and television transmitters.
- 41. Teleprinters.
  The development has been completed of a teleprinter which, by use of a double shift device, produces the 72 characters required in the Iranian language.4
- 42. YEB Glashmette Weissunsser.

  During March 1955, the YEB Glashmette Weissunsser, previously subordinate to the Ministry for Light Industry, was placed under the control of RV RFT (Mauptverweltung Radio- und Fernmeldetechnik Main Administration for Telecommunications). This factory operates its own development branch and the practical effect of this change will be that it will now work for the Werk WF.
- 43. Garrier equipment.

  The carrier equipment department under Georg Kleinschnits is developing a 60-channel equipment with the type number V-60. This will be followed by a 120-channel equipment, to be called V-120.
- 44. Visit of Polish engineers.
  On 23 February 1955, five Polish engineers came for a two-day visit to Work WF and were taken around all the laboratories and the aerial testing ground. The visit was arranged by WTZ and was not well received by the Work WF, mainly because no engineers from the plant have ever been allowed to accept any of the many invitations received for reciprocal visits to other Soviet Bloc countries.
- 45. Visit of Bulgarian engineers.

  A commission of Bulgarian engineers, who came to Berlin to discuss alterations required on the Sofia medium wavelength transmitter, visited the Werk WF early in March. This transmitter was built by Telefunken before 1945 and was later modified to use Russian tubes. It is now to be remodified to use RS 555 tubes manufactured by Werk WF.
- 46. <u>Fast German television service</u>.

  The following difficulties have arisen in connection with the putting into service of television transmitters because the State Planning Commission had not carried out sufficient preparatory works
  - In January, the 10 kw transmitter supplied for Berlin by VEB Sachsenwerk Radeberg was still not working properly;
  - b. The costs for setting up the transmitters in their locations were omitted from the estimates;
  - c. The characteristics of the feeder cables from the transmitters to their aerials are so bad that 70% of the transmitter output is lost in the cable.

Director Mueller, Dr.-Ing. Ulrich, and Dipl.-Ing. Rehbock were called before the State Planning Commission in this connection on 25 January 1955, but, with the aid of the technical specification for the task, they were able to show that the Werk WF was not responsible for these troubles, which should have been laid at the door, in the first place, of the State Planning Commission itself, and, in the second place, of VEB Anlagenbau.

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